

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] DEC., 2019

Paper Code: LLB307

Subject: Corporate Law

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q. No. 1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART A

- Q1. Write short notes on the following: (5x5=25)
- Pre-incorporation contracts
 - Doctrine of constructive notice
 - Class Action Suit
 - Corporate Social Responsibility
 - One Person Company

PART B

UNIT I

- Q2. Define the concept of 'Corporate personality' and discuss the circumstances in which Courts often draw aside the veil to see what really lies behind. Refer to decided cases in support of your answer. (12.5)
- Q3. Distinguish between Articles of Association and Memorandum of Association. Explain the provisions regarding alternation of Articles of Association as per Companies Act, 2013. (12.5)

UNIT II

- Q4. Prospectus is the only window through which the potential investor can look into the soundness of the company's venture.' In the light of the statement discuss the golden rule for framing of prospectus and also discuss the remedies available for wrong information mentioned in a prospectus. (12.5)
- Q5. Distinguish between-
- Transfer and Transmission of Shares
 - Forfeiture and Surrender of Shares
- (12.5)

UNIT III

- Q6. 'The gap between two annual general meetings can never exceed 15 months.' Comment on this statement and also discuss the various kinds of meetings and their procedure. (12.5)
- Q7. a) What are the modes in which a director of a company can be appointed?
b) Enumerate the powers, functions and disqualifications of a director as mentioned under Companies Act, 2013. (12.5)

UNIT IV

- Q8. Who may file petition for the winding up of a company? What are the procedures for winding up of unregistered company under section 375 of Companies Act, 2013. (12.5)
- Q9. Write short notes on the following- (12.5)
- Merger and Acquisition of Company
 - Corporate Environmental Liability

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB - 309

Subject: Jurisprudence - I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions. Questions No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any one question from each unit.

Q1 Write brief note on the of the followings:-

(5x5=25)

- a) Living Law
- b) Meaning of Natural Law
- c) Law and Morality
- d) Volksgeist
- e) Jural Postulates

UNIT-I

Q2 Discuss the various meaning which are attributed to the term 'jurisprudence.' What is the significance of study jurisprudence? (12.5)

Q3 Jurisprudence is not law: it is about law and the expositions on the law. Discuss highlighting the linkages of jurisprudence with other areas social sciences. (12.5)

UNIT-II

Q4 Discuss various meaning and connotations which are attributed to Analytical Positivism in the legal theory. Discuss the contributions of Bentham in shaping analytical positivism. (12.5)

Q5 Write note on the theoretical contributions of any two of the following scholars: (12.5)
a) Henry Maine
b) Thomas Aquinas
c) HLA Hart

UNIT-III

Q6 Discuss the concept of Social engineering and its significance in the field of law, highlighting the contributions of Rosco Pound. (12.5)

Q7 Write note on the theoretical contributions of any two of the following scholars. (12.5)
a) Karl Marx,
b) Karl Llewellyn,
c) Karl Olivecrona,

UNIT-IV

Q8 Critically discuss the role of the Supreme Court of India in shaping the jurisprudence in post independent India. (12.5)

Q9 Write notes on any two of the following:- (12.5)
a) Law and jurisprudence during the medieval period in India
b) Law and jurisprudence during the ancient period in India
c) Law and jurisprudence during the British Raj in India

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB](H) NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB-309

Subject: Alternative Dispute Resolution(ADR)
(Batch 2014 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

(5x5=25)

- Q1 Write Short Notes on the following:
- (a) Ad hoc and Institutional Arbitration
 - (b) Differentiate between Mediation and Conciliation
 - (c) Permanent Lok Adalat
 - (d) UNCITRAL Model of Arbitration
 - (e) Importance of Confidentiality in mediation proceedings

PART-B

UNIT-I

(12.5x4=50)

- Q2 Critically examine, in the light of decided cases, the constitutional and other legislative provisions envisaging the right to legal aid.

OR

- Q3 Describe (a) the organization of Lok Adalats, (b) cognizance of cases by Lok Adalats under the provisions of the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 and (c) legal sanctity of the Award passed by the Lok Adalat.

UNIT-II

- Q4 Discuss the process of mediation and its impact on the resolution of disputes (pre or during litigation) and legal sanctity of settlements arrived at between the parties in mediation proceedings.

OR

- Q5 What is negotiation and its role in alternative dispute resolution. Discuss the various theories of negotiation.

UNIT-III

- Q6 Discuss the procedure for the appointment of arbitrators enshrined in the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 and the ground on which the arbitrator or his appointment as arbitrator may be challenged under the said Act.

OR

- Q7 Explain in detail the recourse against 'arbitral award' available under Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 to any party to the domestic arbitral proceedings. Also discuss about the finality and enforcement of arbitral award under Part I of the said Act.

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Elucidate the recognition and enforcement of foreign arbitral award made in terms of the New York Convention and conditions thereto as applicable under Part II of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996.

OR

- Q9 Explain with the help of decided cases the view of Supreme Court on the public policy and enforceability of arbitral award in India passed in International Commercial Arbitration specifically where the seat of arbitration is outside India.

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] [H] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB-307

Subject: Code of Civil Procedure

(Batch 2014 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt all questions from Part-A. Attempt one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

- Q1 Write short notes on the following: (5x5=25)
- (a) Caveat
 - (b) Mesne Profit
 - (c) Difference between Plaint and written statement?
 - (d) Receiver
 - (e) Appeals from original Decree

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 What are the objects and essential conditions of the doctrine of res judicata? Illustrate the principle of 'constructive res judicata'. Can an ex parte decree act as constructive res judicata? (12.5)
- Q3 Explain decree and order and distinguish between them. What are the essential elements of a "decree"? (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 State the provision which govern the place of suing? Also state at what stage can the objections to jurisdiction be taken? Explain with the help of cases and illustration. (12.5)
- Q5 When a suit can be rejected in the relation to appearing and non appearing of the parties and what remedies are available for such parties? (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 Who can appeal as an indigent person? Whether court fee is to be paid by an indigent person? (12.5)
- Q7 In which cases the court applies the summary procedure? What is the procedure of it? (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Under what circumstances a second appeal against a decree would lie? What is the difference between first appeal and second appeal? (12.5)
- Q9 Describe the procedure for making a 'Reference' to High Court. What is the difference between Reference, Review and Revision? (12.5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] DECEMBER-2019

Paper Code: LLB-305

Subject: Law of Evidence

(Batch 2008-2013)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including. Q no.1 which is compulsory.
Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

- Q1 Write short notes on the following:- (5x5=25)
- (a) Conclusive Evidence
 - (b) Relationship between evidence and proof.
 - (c) Retracted confession.
 - (d) Estoppel as bailment.
 - (e) Judicial Notice.

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 Explain the relationship between relevancy and admissibility in context of res gestae. Substantiate your answer with help of case law. (12.5)

OR

- Q3 Explain the following:
- (a) Discuss the relevance of direct and circumstantial evidence. (6)
 - (b) Discuss the relevance of evidence and proof in the cases of conspiracy. (6.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 Explain the significance of admissibility in the context of self-harming & self-serving statement under sections 17 to 21 of Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Explain the help of cases law. (12.5)

OR

- Q5 Discuss the characteristics of confessional statement in light of Sections 24, 25, 27 and 29 of Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Explain with the help of cases. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 Explain the nature and relevance of statement given by expert within the purview of medical evidence. Discuss the significance in the light of Selvi v. State of Karnataka case. (12.5)

OR

- Q7 Discuss the following topics:
- (a) Conclusive Proof within the purview of presumption (6)
 - (b) Burden of proof in criminal cases. (6.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Discuss the evidentiary value of statement given by accomplice in comparison to co-accused. Explain the help of case law. (12.5)

OR

- Q9 "The presumption (under Section 113B of the Evidence Act, 1872 as to dowry death would get activated only upon the proof of the fact that the deceased lady had been subjected to cruelty or harassment for or in connection with any demand for dowry by the accused and that too in the reasonable contiguity of death". Discuss with the help of cases. (12.5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB](H) NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB-305

Subject: Corporate Law

[Batch 2014 onwards]

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

(5x5=25)

- Q1 Write notes on the following:
- (a) Class action suit
 - (b) Inter Corporate loans
 - (c) Corporate fraud
 - (d) Social Corporate Responsibility
 - (e) Cross Border Merger.

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 What do you understand by Corporate Veil? When is it disregarded? Discuss with relevant case law (12.5)
- Q3(a) Define the Memorandum of Association with clauses along with relevant case law. (6.5)
- (b) Discuss the doctrine of Ultravires with its effects and exceptions. (6.0)

UNIT-II

- Q4 Distinguish between Preference share and Debenture. Explain the various types of preference shares and debentures prevalent in the Market. (12.5)
- Q5(a) "XYZ a Public Ltd. Manufacturing Company is willing to invest in the shares of ABC Company. The total investment exceeds the statutory limit stipulated by S.186 of the Companies Act 2013. Discuss the procedure for Compliance of the provisions order the companies Act 2013. (6.5)
- (b) Define and distinguish the Prospectus and the Statement in lieu of prospectus. (6.0)

UNIT-III

- Q6 What is Insider trading? Discuss with relevant case Law. What regulations have been framed by SEBI to curb the practice? (12.5)
- Q7 'A Company is a democratic institution and the majority have a right to control the company'. Discuss with the help of Foss v. Harbottle rule laid down by the court. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 (i) Discuss the grounds for winding up of a company (6.5)
- (ii) What changes have been introduced for winding up of a company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy code 2016. (6.0)
- Q9 a) Distinguish between 'Reconstructive' and 'Amalgamation' of a company. Discuss the procedure for the same. (7.5)
- b) Write a note on Corporate Environmental Liability. (5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB-303

Subject: Code of Criminal Procedure-I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.no.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

- Q.1. Write short notes on the following: (5x5=25)
- Cognizable and Non-cognizable offences.
 - Rights of arrested person.
 - Identification of arrested person.
 - Summon and warrant cases.
 - Provisions related to transfer of criminal cases under the Cr. P.C.

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q.2. Discuss the hierarchy and powers of Criminal Courts provided by the Code of Criminal Procedure. (12.5)
- Q.3. Critically examine the amendment to the Code of Criminal procedure by way of the Criminal Law Amendment Act,2018. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q.4. What is meant by 'Arrest'? Discuss the powers of a police officer to arrest without warrant. (12.5)
- Q.5. What do you mean by FIR? Discuss the procedure of filing FIR in cognizable offences. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q.6. What is the procedure of 'Proclamation and Attachment' under Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973? Discuss the remedies available to an aggrieved person. (12.5)
- Q.7. What is a 'search warrant'? Who can issue search warrant? Can a police officer search your house without warrant? Discuss with the help of relevant cases. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q.8. When can, a magistrate can take cognizance u/s 190 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973? What are the restrictions on the power of magistrate to take cognizance? (12.5)
- Q.9. Critically examine the provisions relating to security for keeping peace and good behaviour. State relevant case laws. (12.5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB](H) NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB-301

Subject: Environmental Studies and
Environmental Laws (Batch 2014 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

- Q1 Write short notes on the following: (5x5=25)
- (a) Environmental Pollution
 - (b) Noise Pollution Control Order, 2000.
 - (c) Hazardous Substance Regulation
 - (d) National Green Tribunal
 - (e) Rio-Declaration

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 "The notion of right to wholesome environment is an indispensable part of the Right to Life guaranteed under Article 21 of the Constitution of India". Elaborate this statement with the help of decided cases. (12.5)
- Q3 "Modern environmental law traces its roots back to the common-law Tort of nuisance". Explain the remedies available under Law of Torts with relevant decided case laws. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 "The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 complements the Water Act in the air domain". Comment upon the strategy of prevention and control of air pollution under Air Act, 1981 with the help of decided cases on that point. (12.5)
- Q5 "The Water Act was passed under an urgent need for introducing a comprehensive legislation which would cater to the prevention and control of pollution of water". Critically examine the provisions relating to sampling procedure under Water Act and the possibility of a restraint order therein, with the help of decided cases on the point. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 "Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 provides the statutory framework for protecting wild animal, plants and their habitats". Discuss the conservation strategies under the Wild Life Protection Act, 1972? (12.5)
- Q7 "A paradigm shift in the protection of forests came through the Forest Conservation Act (FCA) of 1980". Analyse the above statement in comparison with the Indian Forest Act, 1927. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Derive the co-relation between Human Rights and Environment? How does developing environmental ethics help in finding possible solutions to environmental problems? (12.5)
- Q9 Write short notes on **any two** of the following norms of the environmental Jurisprudence with relevant provisions and case laws?
(a) Principle of Sustainable development
(b) Polluter Pays Principle
(c) Precautionary Principle (12.5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2018

Paper Code: LLB-309

Subject: Jurisprudence -I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q no.1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

Q1 Write short notes on:-

(5x5=25)

- (a) Meaning of the term 'jurisprudence'.
- (b) 'Sovereign'
- (c) Morality
- (d) 'Social solidarity'
- (e) 'Pain and pleasure'.

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 Jurisprudence is not mere study of law. It is much more than that. Explain the true scope of jurisprudence. (12.5)
- Q3 Trace out the linkages between jurisprudence, political science and sociology. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 Elucidate the contributions of John Austin and H.L.A. Hart to Analytical Positivism. (12.5)
- Q5 Who was Von Savigny? Explain main features of his theory of law. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 "In contemporary world, economic approach to law is most significant". Discuss this approach for understanding the latest developments in law at national and international levels. (12.5)
- Q7 "law ultimately is what is said by the judge". Discuss the realistic theory of law with reference to Indian experiences. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Give jurisprudential account of flows during Medieval period of Indian History. (12.5)
- Q9 Explain the trends in the development of laws in India since independence. (12.5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2018

Paper Code: LLB-301 Subject: Environmental Studies & Environmental Law
(Batch 2014 Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q no.1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

(5x5=25)

- Q1 Write notes on the following:-
- (a) Noise Pollution
 - (b) Public Nuisance
 - (c) Citizens' suit provision
 - (d) Medical Waste Regulation
 - (e) Stockholm Declaration

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 "Indian Constitution, to begin with, had nothing like environmental protection as one of its objectives, however today, it is said to be one of those constitutions which has specific provisions relating to environmental protection". Explain the provisions of environmental protection in the Indian Constitution in the light of the above statement. (12.5)
- Q3 If you dig up the debris of Environmental law, in the base you will find the law of torts. Do you agree with the statement? What are the remedies available against a polluter under Law of Torts? (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 "The Consent procedure under Water Act and Air Act, suffers from lack of community consultation and transparency". How far do you agree with the statement? What efforts have been made by the central government to remedy the situation and whether, in your opinion are they sufficient? Explain and elaborate. (12.5)
- Q5 Critically examine the provisions relating to sampling procedure under Air Act and the possibility of a restraint order therein, with the help of decided cases on the point. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 "Despite the war-like powers of central government under Section 3 of Environmental protection Act, 1986, the overall design of the Act has been said to be in-effective and narrowly focused." Do you agree with the statement? Explain. (12.5)
- Q7 Critically examine the classification of forests under Indian Forest Act, 1927 and compare and contrast the protection strategies of 'Reserve Forests' and 'Protected Forests', with the help of decided cases on the subject. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Critically examine the "Doctrine of Public Trust" and its contribution in protection of environment, with the help of decided cases. (12.5)
- Q9 Write an essay on the jurisdiction of National Green Tribunal and critically examine its efficacy in adjudicating the environmental disputes. (12.5)

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB(H)] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2018

Paper Code: LLB-305

Subject: Corporate Law

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q no.1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

- Q1 Write short notes on the following:- (5x5=25)
- (a) Distinction between private and public company
 - (b) Disadvantages of Incorporation of a company
 - (c) Liability of promoters
 - (d) Doctrine of Indoor Management
 - (e) Characteristics of a Company

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 State the facts of the case *Solomon v Solomon & Co. Ltd.* And explain the principles laid down therein. (12.5)
- Q3 "The doctrine of *Ultra Vires* is a protection to the shareholders of a company". Comment. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 (a) What is prospectus? Who are liable for mis-statements in a prospectus? Explain the remedies available to the shareholder against the company, who has been induced to make investments based on the mis-statements in prospectus. (5)
- (b) Define preference share capital of a company. Explain the various kinds of preference shares a company is allowed to issue under the Companies Act, 2013. (7.5)
- Q5 (a) What is a debenture? What are the different kinds of debentures that may be issued by a company? (7.5)
- (b) When shares may be forfeited? Explain the procedure relating to forfeiture of shares. (5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 (a) The Board of Directors of ABC Ltd authorized Z, the Managing Director, to sign the director's report on behalf of the Board. How would you deal with it under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013? (6.5)
- (b) Discuss the legal position of directors in a company. (6)
- Q7 (a) Discuss the powers and functions of National Company Law Tribunal. (7.5)
- (b) "It is an elementary principle of law relating to joint stock companies that the court will not interfere with the internal management of companies acting within their powers and in fact, has no jurisdiction to do so." Elaborate the statement. (5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 (a) "On winding-up, a company ceases to be a legal entity." Comment. (6.5)
- (b) Write a short note on Corporate Social Responsibility. (6)
- Q9 What do you understand by winding-up of a company? What are the various modes of winding-up? (12.5)

(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

Exam Roll No.

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER-2018

Paper Code: LLB-307

Subject: Civil Procedure Code

(Batch-2014 Onwards)

Maximum Marks :75

Time : 3 Hours

Note: Attempt all questions from Part A. Attempt one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

(5x5= 25)

- Q1 Write short notes on the following:-
- Interpleader Suit
 - Mesne Profit
 - Amendment of pleadings
 - Garnishee order
 - Caveat

PART-B UNIT-I

- Q2 Describe the concept of *Res-judicata* with help of case law. Differentiate between *Res-judicata* and *Res-Sub judice*. (12.5)
- Q3 Explain the concept of Decree and the types of decree under CPC. Distinguish between decree and order and final judgment. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 What should a court do when plaintiff is present and the defendant is absent? What remedies are available to defendant in such case? When can an ex-parte decree be set-aside? (12.5)
- Q5 What considerations are borne in mind by a court while imposing costs on one of the parties? Also explain the different types of cost provided under Civil Procedure Code, 1908. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 What are the main principles which guide the court, while dealing with an application of temporary injunction? What are the consequences of disobedience or breach of an injunction? (12.5)

- Q7 Write Short notes on-
- Receiver (6)
 - Summary Procedure (6.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Describe the procedure for filling an appeal from a decree. Also explain the power and duties of First Appellate Court? (12.5)
- Q9 Describe the procedure for making a 'Reference' to High court. What is the difference between Reference and Revision? (12.5)



(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

Exam Roll No.

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIFTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER-2018

Paper Code: LLB-309 Subject: Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.No 1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

(5x5=25)

- Q1 Write short notes on the following: -
- Good Offices
 - Interim measures under Sections 9 and 17 of Arbitration and Conciliation Act
 - Lok Adalat under Legal Services Authorities Act
 - Appointment of Arbitration under Section 11.
 - Explain BATNA and WATNA in Negotiation

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 What is the meaning of ADR? Explain the amendment in Civil Procedure Code of India and the modes of ADR recognized under it. What interpretation was given by Supreme Court of India to the provision of CPC in the case of Afcon Infrastructure? (12.5)
- Q3 "Legal aid is regarded as central in providing access to justice by ensuring equality before the law, the right to counsel and the right to a fair trial". In the light of above explain the concept and development of legal aid in India with the help of statutory provisions and various committees. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 Explain procedure for mediation in details. Also outline common negotiation techniques and bargaining strategies use in mediation. (12.5)
- Q5 How effective is mediation and conciliation as the ADR techniques? Explain with reference to the flexibility in dispute resolution procedure available to the conciliator selected, and appointed under Arbitration and Conciliation Act. (12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 Define what is meant by a voluntary Arbitration-Agreement under Section 7 of Arbitration and conciliation Act 1996, and its importance before the Appellate Court when there is issue regarding its binding force, and enforceability as effective-redressal for determining disputes. (12.5)
- Q8 Discuss the various grounds for setting aside a domestic arbitral award under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act and how it is different from 1940 Act. Also discuss the form and content of arbitral award. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Discuss the procedure for enforcement of a foreign arbitral award in India under Geneva Convention? (12.5)
- Q9 Discuss in detail the judgments by Supreme Court in relation to Public Policy and enforcement of Arbitral Award in India. Also discuss its effect on India as seat for International Commercial Arbitration. (12.5)

